

Effects

- Once expungement is granted, you will no longer have to disclose that you were convicted of the charge that was expunged.
- Exceptions:
 - According to RIGL § 12-1 3-4 (b), any person who is an applicant for:
 - a law enforcement agency position
 - admission to the bar of any court
 - a teaching certificate or a coaching certificate
 - the operator or employee of an early childhood educational facilityis required to disclose the fact of a conviction.

Effects

Just because expunged material is removed from *public* view does not mean that it disappears entirely.

Under RIGL § 12-1 3-4 (c), certain individuals or organizations have access to expunged records. These include:

- the individual whose record was expunged
- a sentencing court following the conviction of the individual for the commission of a different crime
- a bar agency which is considering a bar admission, character and fitness, or disciplinary matter
- the commissioner of elementary and secondary education
- any law enforcement agency when the nature and character of the offense with which an individual is to be charged would be affected by virtue of the person having been previously convicted of the same offense.
- by order of a court

Effects

- It is **illegal** for an organization or person to release or allow access to records which have been expunged and if someone has done this **they can be sued** in civil court. (Section 12-1.3-4)

Questions?

- Contact:

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